

# Formal Fring

Input file:            **standard input**  
Output file:         **standard output**  
Time limit:          1 second  
Memory limit:       256 megabytes

*I don't think we're alike at all, Mr. White.  
You're not a cautious man at all... [Y]ou  
have poor judgement. I cannot work with  
someone with poor judgement.*

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—Gustavo Fring, *Breaking Bad*

Gus Fring is a very careful man. He doesn't mess with you. When he asks someone to solve a problem, he gives a completely formal statement. And today he asked YOU.

For a positive integer  $n$ , define  $\text{highest\_bit}(n)$  as the largest number  $i$ , such that  $2^i \leq n$ . Also define  $\text{highest\_bit}(0) = -1$ .

You are given a positive integer  $X$ . Find the number of multisets  $S$  of positive integers, which satisfy the following conditions:

- All elements of  $S$  are nonnegative powers of 2.
- The sum of elements of  $S$  is  $X$ .
- There is no way to split elements of  $S$  into two groups so that  $\text{highest\_bit}(S_1) = \text{highest\_bit}(S_2)$ , where  $S_1$  is the sum of the elements in the first group, and  $S_2$  is the sum of the elements in the second group.

Solve this problem for  $X = 1, 2, \dots, n$ .

Since the answers can be very large, output them modulo 998244353.

## Input

The only line of the input contains a single integer  $n$  ( $1 \leq n \leq 10^6$ ).

## Output

Output  $n$  integers: answers to the problem for  $X = 1, 2, \dots, n$ , modulo 998244353.

## Example

standard input	standard output
10	1 1 2 1 1 3 6 1 1 2